William W. Bishop Is Named Dickinson Professor of Law
Delivers Hague Academy Lectures

In special recognition of his international pre-eminence and dedicated service to the Law School, William W. Bishop, Jr., has been named a "distinguished" professor by the University Regents at their January 21 meeting. A native of Princeton, N. J., Professor Bishop was graduated from Ann Arbor High School in 1924 and received an A.B. from the U-M in 1928 and a J.D. here in 1931. His new title will be Edwin DeWitt Dickinson University Professor of Law, in honor of the late Professor Dickinson, who died in 1961, and who was considered the nation's leading international law teacher.

Professor Bishop, who joined the U-M faculty in 1948 after service with U. S. State Department, is a leader and scholar in international law. His casebook, *International Law Cases and Materials*, now in its second edition, is, by large margin, the most widely used book in its field. His other publications include more than a score of articles and papers in various law reviews and journals. He has served as editor-in-chief of the *American Journal of International Law* since 1962 and as a member of the board of directors of the journal since 1947.

Commenting on his teaching, the Regents noted that Professor Bishop "has a reputation for a careful, comprehensive, and stimulating classroom development of difficult areas. The Law School's program in international law is, in a real sense, his creation. It is one of the most extensive in the nation and due to his initiative and foresight, the total international law curriculum encompasses 11 courses and seminars. This wealth attracts a goodly number of students each year. Professor Bishop counsels these exceptional students in their research which, in published form, has enriched international law literature throughout the world."

Indicative of the type of work which has led to his latest recognition, the university professorship, were Professor Bishop's activities abroad in 1965. He spent the period from January to June of 1965 in Rome, engaging in research and writing in the international law field, particularly in preparation for his Hague Academy lectures. During his stay he made use of the library of the International Institute for the Unification of Private Law, and had the opportunity to meet various European lawyers, including some former Michigan students.

During July and August he gave the principal course of lectures on Public International Law at the Hague Academy of International Law, conducted seminars there, and had many discussions with the advanced students, lawyers, teachers and government officials working in international law attending from many parts of the world. Established in 1923, the Hague Academy has conducted lecture courses and other educational programs on public and private international law every summer with the exception of the World War II years. Both the Carnegie Endowment for International Peace and the Ford Foundation have aided the Academy financially.

**Law Students Participate**

The recent pattern has been to have each summer one principal series of lectures in public international law and one series in private international law, together with ten to fourteen shorter series of lectures held during the same summer term. Professor Bishop had given one of these shorter series, on "Reservations to Treaties", in 1961; while the late Professor Edwin D. Dickinson of the Law School had lectured at the Academy in 1932.

Although the Academy meets in the Peace Palace in The Hague, donated by Andrew Carnegie and used by the "World Court" since 1921, relatively few of its students are from The Netherlands. Both faculty and students come from all over the world, including a number from behind the "Iron Curtain". Of the approximately 260 students during the public international law sessions, the United States and Germany had the largest numbers, but Africa, Asia, Latin-America, and the European countries were well represented. Two members of the current senior class at the Law School, Michael Harrison and David Porteous, were among those taking part this year, while a number of American and foreign graduates of Michigan attended. French and English (the latter only since World War II) are the languages of instruction and discussion.

The lectures are published in the *Recueil des Cours* of the Hague Academy, several volumes of which appear each year. Despite inevitable publication delays, it is hoped that Professor Bishop's lectures will become available by the end of 1966.

**Paul Kauper Completes Text On Constitutional Law**

The third edition of Professor Paul G. Kauper's leading casebook, *Constitutional Law—Cases and Materials*, is scheduled for publication in March. The book was first published in 1954, then revised in 1960.

Professor Kauper holds the title Henry M. Butzel Professor of Law, the first named to the chair established in honor of the late Mr. Butzel, a graduate of the Law School and former Justice of the Michigan Supreme Court.

Regarding the developments in Constitutional Law since the last revision, Professor Kauper noted that "there have been no significant changes in the areas of Congress' power or the general residual powers of the states to regulate and tax commerce. The exception, of course, is the use of the federal commerce power to uphold the Public Accommodations Section of the Civil Rights Act of 1964." Important new civil rights legislation has