1	TITLE VII—RESCISSIONS
2	DEPARTMENT OF JUSTICE
3	GENERAL ADMINISTRATION
4	WORKING CAPITAL FUND
5	(RESCISSION)
6	Of the unobligated balances available under this
7	heading, \$65,000,000 are rescinded.
8	DEPARTMENT OF STATE
9	Administration of Foreign Affairs
10	ACQUISITION AND MAINTENANCE OF BUILDINGS ABROAD
11	(RESCISSION)
12	Of the unobligated balances available under this
13	heading, \$95,500,000 are rescinded.
14	RELATED AGENCIES
15	United States Information Agency
16	RADIO CONSTRUCTION
17	(RESCISSION)
18	Of the unobligated balances available under this
19	heading, \$7,400,000 are rescinded.
20	TITLE VIII—PRISON LITIGATION REFORM
21	SEC. 801. SHORT TITLE.
22	This title may be cited as the "Prison Litigation Re-
23	form Act of 1995".

1	SEC. 801. APPROPRIATE REMEDIES FOR PRISON CONDI-
2	TIONS.
3	(a) In General.—Section 3626 of title 18, United
4	States Code, is amended to read as follows:
5	"§ 3626. Appropriate remedies with respect to prison
6	conditions
7	"(a) REQUIREMENTS FOR RELIEF.—
8	"(1) Prospective relief.—(A) Prospective
9	relief in any civil action with respect to prison condi-
10	tions shall extend no further than necessary to cor-
11	rect the violation of the Federal right of a particular
12	plaintiff or plaintiffs. The court shall not grant or
13	approve any prospective relief unless the court finds
14	that such relief is narrowly drawn, extends no fur-
15	ther than necessary to correct the violation of the
16	Federal right, and is the least intrusive means nec-
17	essary to correct the violation of the Federal right.
18	The court shall give substantial weight to any ad-
19	verse impact on public safety or the operation of a
20	criminal justice system caused by the relief.
21	"(B) The court shall not order any prospective
22	relief that requires or permits a government official
23	to exceed his or her authority under State or local
24	law or otherwise violates State or local law, unless-
25	"(i) Federal law permits such relief to be
26	ordered in violation of State or local law;

1	"(ii) the relief is necessary to correct the
2	violation of a Federal right; and
3	"(iii) no other relief will correct the viola-
1	tion of the Federal right.
5	"(C) Nothing in this section shall be construed
6	to authorize the courts, in exercising their remedial
7	powers, to order the construction of prisons or the
8	raising of taxes, or to repeal or detract from other-
9	wise applicable limitations on the remedial powers of
10	the courts.
11	"(2) PRELIMINARY INJUNCTIVE RELIEF.—In
12	any civil action with respect to prison conditions, to
13	the extent otherwise authorized by law, the court
14	may enter a temporary restraining order or an order
15	for preliminary injunctive relief. Preliminary injunc-
16	tive relief must be narrowly drawn, extend no fur-
17	ther than necessary to correct the harm the court
18	finds requires preliminary relief, and be the least in-
19	trusive means necessary to correct that harm. The
20	court shall give substantial weight to any adverse
21	impact on public safety or the operation of a crimi-
22	nal justice system caused by the preliminary relief
23	and shall respect the principles of comity set out in
24	paragraph (1)(B) in tailoring any preliminary relief.
25	Preliminary injunctive relief shall automatically ex-

1	pire on the date that is 90 days after its entry, un-
2	less the court makes the findings required under
3	subsection (a)(1) for the entry of prospective relief
4	and makes the order final before the expiration of
5	the 90-day period.
6	"(3) PRISONER RELEASE ORDER.—(A) In any
7	civil action with respect to prison conditions, no pris-
8	oner release order shall be entered unless-
9	"(i) a court has previously entered an
0	order for less intrusive relief that has failed to
1	remedy the deprivation of the Federal right
12	sought to be remedied through the prisoner re-
13	lease order; and
14	"(ii) the defendant has had a reasonable
15	amount of time to comply with the previous
16	court orders.
17	"(B) In any civil action in Federal court with
18	respect to prison conditions, a prisoner release order
19	shall be entered only by a three-judge court in ac-
20	cordance with section 2284 of title 28, if the require-
21	ments of subparagraph (E) have been met.
22	"(C) A party seeking a prisoner release order in
23	Federal court shall file with any request for such re-
24	lief, a request for a three-judge court and materials

1	sufficient to demonstrate that the requirements of
2	subparagraph (A) have been met.
3	"(D) If the requirements under subparagraph
4	(A) have been met, a Federal judge before whom a
5	civil action with respect to prison conditions is pend-
6	ing who believes that a prison release order should
7	be considered may sua sponte request the convening
8	of a three-judge court to determine whether a pris-
9	oner release order should be entered.
10	"(E) The three-judge court shall enter a pris-
11	oner release order only if the court finds by clear
12	and convincing evidence that—
13	"(i) crowding is the primary cause of the
14	violation of a Federal right; and
5	"(ii) no other relief will remedy the viola-
6	tion of the Federal right.
7	"(F) Any State or local official or unit of gov-
8	ernment whose jurisdiction or function includes the
9	appropriation of funds for the construction, oper-
20	ation, or maintenance of program facilities, or the
21	prosecution or custody of persons who may be re-
22	leased from, or not admitted to, a prison as a result
23	of a prisoner release order shall have standing to op-
24	pose the imposition or continuation in effect of such

relief and to seek termination of such relief, and

l	shall have the right to intervene in any proceeding
2	relating to such relief.
3	"(b) TERMINATION OF RELIEF.—
4	"(1) TERMINATION OF PROSPECTIVE RELIEF.—
5	(A) In any civil action with respect to prison condi-
6	tions in which prospective relief is ordered, such re-
7	lief shall be terminable upon the motion of any party
8	or intervener—
9	"(i) 2 years after the date the court grant-
10	ed or approved the prospective relief;
1 1	"(ii) 1 year after the date the court has
12	entered an order denying termination of pro-
13	spective relief under this paragraph; or
14	"(iii) in the case of an order issued on or
15	before the date of enactment of the Prison Liti-
16	gation Reform Act, 2 years after such date of
17	enactment.
18	"(B) Nothing in this section shall prevent the
19	parties from agreeing to terminate or modify relief
20	before the relief is terminated under subparagraph
21	(A).
22	"(2) IMMEDIATE TERMINATION OF PROSPEC-
23	TIVE RELIEF.—In any civil action with respect to
24	prison conditions, a defendant or intervener shall be
75	antitled to the immediate termination of any pro-

- spective relief if the relief was approved or granted in the absence of a finding by the court that the relief is narrowly drawn, extends no further than necessary to correct the violation of the Federal right, and is the least intrusive means necessary to correct the violation of the Federal right.
 - "(3) LIMITATION.—Prospective relief shall not terminate if the court makes written findings based on the record that prospective relief remains necessary to correct a current or ongoing violation of the Federal right, extends no further than necessary to correct the violation of the Federal right, and that the prospective relief is narrowly drawn and the least intrusive means to correct the violation.
 - "(4) TERMINATION OR MODIFICATION OF RE-LIEF.—Nothing in this section shall prevent any party or intervener from seeking modification or termination before the relief is terminable under paragraph (1) or (2), to the extent that modification or termination would otherwise be legally permissible.

"(c) SETTLEMENTS.—

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"(1) CONSENT DECREES.—In any civil action with respect to prison conditions, the court shall not enter or approve a consent decree unless it complies

1	with the limitations on relief set forth in subsection
2	(n).
3	"(2) PRIVATE SETTLEMENT AGREEMENTS.—
4	(A) Nothing in this section shall preclude parties
5	from entering into a private settlement agreement
6	that does not comply with the limitations on relief
7	set forth in subsection (a), if the terms of that
8	agreement are not subject to court enforcement
9	other than the reinstatement of the civil proceeding
10	that the agreement settled.
11	"(B) Nothing in this section shall preclude any
12	party claiming that a private settlement agreement
13	has been breached from seeking in State court any
14	remedy available under State law.
15	"(d) STATE LAW REMEDIES.—The limitations or
16	remedies in this section shall not apply to relief entered
17	by a State court based solely upon claims arising under
18	State law.
19	"(e) PROCEDURE FOR MOTIONS AFFECTING PRO-
20	SPECTIVE RELIEF.—
21	"(1) GENERALLY.—The court shall promptly
22	rule on any motion to modify or terminate prospec-
23	tive relief in a civil action with respect to prison con-
24	ditions.

1	"(2) AUTOMATIC STAY.—Any prospective relief
2	subject to a pending motion shall be automatically
3	stayed during the period-
4	"(A)(i) beginning on the 30th day after
5	such motion is filed, in the case of a motion
6	made under paragraph (1) or (2) of subsection
7	(b); or
g	"(ii) beginning on the 180th day after such
9	motion is filed, in the case of a motion made
10	under any other law; and
11	"(B) ending on the date the court enters
12	a final order ruling on the motion.
13	"(f) Special Masters.—
14	"(1) IN GENERAL.—(A) In any civil action in a
15	Federal court with respect to prison conditions, the
16	court may appoint a special master who shall be dis-
17	interested and objective and who will give due regard
8	to the public safety, to conduct hearings on the
9	record and prepare proposed findings of fact.
20	"(B) The court shall appoint a special master
21	under this subsection during the remedial phase of
22	the action only upon a finding that the remedial
23	phase will be sufficier ly complex to warrant the ap-
24	pointment.

- 1 "(2) APPOINTMENT.—(A) If the court deter-2 mines that the appointment of a special master is 3 necessary, the court shall request that the defendant 4 institution and the plaintiff each submit a list of not 5 more than 5 persons to serve as a special master. "(B) Each party shall have the opportunity to 6 7 remove up to 3 persons from the opposing party's 8 list. 9 "(C) The court shall select the master from the 10 persons remaining on the list after the operation of 11 subparagraph (B). 12 INTERLOCUTORY APPEAL.—Any party 13 shall have the right to an interlocutory appeal of the judge's selection of the special master under this 14 15 subsection, on the ground of partiality. "(4) COMPENSATION.—The compensation to be 16 17 allowed to a special master under this section shall 18 be based on an hourly rate not greater than the 19 hourly rate established under section 3006A for pay-20 ment of court-appointed counsel, plus costs reason-21 ably incurred by the special master. Such compensa-22 tion and costs shall be paid with funds appropriated 23 to the Judiciary.
 - "(5) REGULAR REVIEW OF APPOINTMENT.—In any civil action with respect to prison conditions in

i	which a special master is appointed under this sub-
2	section, the court shall review the appointment of
3	the special master every 6 months to determine
4	whether the services of the special master continue
5	to be required under paragraph (1). In no event
6	shall the appointment of a special master extend be-
7	yond the termination of the relief.
8	"(6) Limitations on powers and duties.—
9	A special master appointed under this subsection—
10	"(A) may be authorized by a court to con-
11	duct hearings and prepare proposed findings of
12	fact, which shall be made on the record;
13	"(B) shall not make any findings or com-
14	munications ex parte;
15	"(C) may be authorized by a court to as-
16	sist in the development of remedial plans; and
17	"(D) may be removed at any time, but
18	shall be relieved of the appointment upon the
19	termination of relief.
20	"(g) DEFINITIONS.—As used in this section—
21	"(1) the term 'consent decree' means any relief
22	entered by the court that is based in whole or in
23	part upon the consent or acquiescence of the parties
24	but does not include private settlements;

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"(2) the term 'civil action with respect to prison
conditions' means any civil proceeding arising under
Federal law with respect to the conditions of con-
finement or the effects of actions by government of-
ficials on the lives of persons confined in prison, but
does not include habeas corpus proceedings challeng-
ing the fact or duration of confinement in prison;

- "(3) the term 'prisoner' means any person subject to incarceration, detention, or admission to any facility who is accused of, convicted of, sentenced for, or adjudicated delinquent for, violations of criminal law or the terms and conditions of parole, probation, pretrial release, or diversionary program;
- "(4) the term 'prisoner release order' includes any order, including a temporary restraining order or preliminary injunctive relief, that has the purpose or effect of reducing or limiting the prison population, or that directs the release from or nonadmission of prisoners to a prison;
- "(5) the term 'prison' means any Federal, State, or local facility that incarcerates or detains juveniles or adults accused of, convicted of, sentenced for, or adjudicated delinquent for, violations of criminal law;

1	"(6) the term 'private settlement agreement
2	means an agreement entered into among the parties
3	that is not subject to judicial enforcement other than
4	the reinstatement of the civil proceeding that the
5	agreement settled;
6	"(7) the term 'prospective relief' means all re-
7	lief other than compensatory monetary damages;
8	"(8) the term 'special master' means any per-
9	son appointed by a Federal court pursuant to Rule
10	53 of the Federal Rules of Civil Procedure or pursu-
11	ant to any inherent power of the court to exercise
12	the powers of a master, regardless of the title or de-
13	scription given by the court; and
14	"(9) the term 'relief' means all relief in any
15	form that may be granted or approved by the court
16	and includes consent decrees but does not include
17	private settlement agreements.".
18	(b) APPLICATION OF AMENDMENT.—
19	(1) IN GENERAL.—Section 3626 of title 18,
20	United States Code, as amended by this section,
21	shall apply with respect to all prospective relief
22	whether such relief was originally granted or ap-
23	proved before, on, or after the date of the enactment

of this title.

1	(2) TECHNICAL AMENDMENT.—Subsections (b)
2	and (d) of section 20409 of the Violent Crime Con-
3	trol and Law Enforcement Act of 1994 are repealed.
4	(c) CLERICAL AMENDMENT.—The table of sections
5	at the beginning of subchapter C of chapter 229 of title
6	18, United States Code, is amended to read as follows:
	"3626. Appropriate remedies with respect to prison conditions.".
7	SEC. 803. AMENDMENTS TO CIVIL RIGHTS OF INSTITU-
8	TIONALIZED PERSONS ACT.
9	(a) Initiation of Civil Actions.—Section 3(c) of
10	the Civil Rights of Institutionalized Persons Act (42
11	U.S.C. 1997a(c)) (referred to in this section as the "Act")
12	is amended to read as follows:
13	"(c) The Attorney General shall personally sign any
14	complaint filed pursuant to this section.".
15	(b) CERTIFICATION REQUIREMENTS.—Section 4 of
16	the Act (42 U.S.C. 1997b) is amended—
17	(1) in subsection (a)—
18	(A) by striking "he" each place it appears
19	and inserting "the Attorney General"; and
20	(B) by striking "his" and inserting "the
21	Attorney General's"; and
22	(2) by amending subsection (b) to read as fol-
23	lows:
24	"(b) The Attorney General shall personally sign any
25	certification made pursuant to this section."

1	(c) Intervention in Actions.—Section 5 of the
2	Act (42 U.S.C. 1997c) is amended—
3	(1) in subsection (b)—
4	(A) in paragraph (1), by striking "he"
5	each place it appears and inserting "the Attor-
6	ney General"; and
7	(B) by amending paragraph (2) to read as
8	follows:
9	"(2) The Attorney General shall personally sign any
10	certification made pursuant to this section."; and
11	(2) by amending subsection (c) to read as fol-
12	lows:
13	"(c) The Attorney General shall personally sign any
14	motion to intervene made pursuant to this section.".
15	(d) SUITS BY PRISONERS.—Section 7 of the Act (42
16	U.S.C. 1997e) is amended to read as follows:
17	"SEC. 7. SUITS BY PRISONERS.
18	"(a) APPLICABILITY OF ADMINISTRATIVE REM-
19	EDIES.—No action shall be brought with respect to prison
20	conditions under section 1979 of the Revised Statutes of
21	the United States (42 U.S.C. 1983), or any other Federal
22	law, by a prisoner confined in any jail, prison, or other
23	correctional facility until such administrative remedies as
24	are available are exhausted.

- 1 "(b) FAILURE OF STATE TO ADOPT OR ADHERE TO
- 2 Administrative Grievance Procedure.—The failure
- 3 of a State to adopt or adhere to an administrative griev-
- 4 ance procedure shall not constitute the basis for an action
- 5 under section 3 or 5 of this Act.
- 6 "(c) DISMISSAL.—(1) The court shall on its own mo-
- 7 tion or on the motion of a party dismiss any action
- 8 brought with respect to prison conditions under section
- 9 1979 of the Revised Statutes of the United States (42
- 10 U.S.C. 1983), or any other Federal law, by a prisoner con-
- 11 fined in any jail, prison, or other correctional facility if
- 12 the court is satisfied that the action is frivolous, malicious,
- 13 fails to state a claim upon which relief can be granted,
- 14 or seeks monetary relief from a defendant who is immune
- 15 from such relief.
- 16 "(2) In the event that a claim is, on its face, frivolous,
- 17 malicious, fails to state a claim upon which relief can be
- 18 granted, or seeks monetary relief from a defendant who
- 19 is immune from such relief, the court may dismiss the un-
- 20 derlying claim without first requiring the exhaustion of ad-
- 21 ministrative remedies.
- 22 "(d) ATTORNEY'S FEES.—(1) In any action brought
- 23 by a prisoner who is confined to any jail, prison, or other
- 24 correctional facility, in which attorney's fees are author-
- 25 ized under section 2 of the Revised Statutes of the United

1	States (42 U.S.C. 1988), such fees shall not be awarded,	
2	except to the extent that—	
3	"(A) the fee was directly and reasonably in-	
4	curred in proving an actual violation of the plain-	
5	tiff's rights protected by a statute pursuant to which	
6	a fee may be awarded under section 2 of the Revised	
7	Statutes; and	
8	"(B)(i) the amount of the fee is proportionately	
9	related to the court ordered relief for the violation;	
10	or	
11	"(ii) the fee was directly and reasonably in-	
12	curred in enforcing the relief ordered for the viola-	
13	tion.	
14	"(2) Whenever a monetary judgment is awarded in	
15	an action described in paragraph (1), a portion of the	
16	judgment (not to exceed 25 percent) shall be applied to	
17	satisfy the amount of attorney's fees awarded against the	
18	defendant. If the award of attorney's fees is not greater	
19	than 150 percent of the judgment, the excess shall be paid	
20	by the defendant.	
21	"(3) No award of attorney's fees in an action de-	
22	scribed in paragraph (1) shall be based on an hourly rate	
23	greater than 150 percent of the hourly rate established	
24	under section 3006A of title 18, United States Code, for	
25	payment of court-appointed counsel.	

- 1 "(4) Nothing in this subsection shall prohibit a pris-
- 2 oner from entering into an agreement to pay an attorney's
- 3 fee in an amount greater than the amount authorized
- 4 under this subsection, if the fee is paid by the individual
- 5 rather than by the defendant pursuant to section 2 of the
- 6 Revised Statutes of the United States (42 U.S.C. 1988).
- 7 "(e) LIMITATION ON RECOVERY.—No Federal civil
- 8 action may be brought by a prisoner confined in a jail,
- 9 prison, or other correctional facility, for mental or emo-
- 10 tional injury suffered while in custody without a prior
- 11 showing of physical injury.

- 12 "(f) HEARINGS.—(1) To the extent practicable, in
- 13 any action brought with respect to prison conditions in
- 14 Federal court pursuant to section 1979 of the Revised
- 15 Statutes of the United States (42 U.S.C. 1983), or any
- 16 other Federal law, by a prisoner confined in any jail, pris-
- 17 on, or other correctional facility, pretrial proceedings in
- 18 which the prisoner's participation is required or permitted
- 19 shall be conducted by telephone, video conference, or other
- 20 telecommunications technology without removing the pris-
- 21 oner from the facility in which the prisoner is confined.
- 22 "(2) Subject to the agreement of the official of the
- 23 Federal, State, or local unit of government with custody
- 24 over the prisoner, hearings may be conducted at the facil-
- 25 ity in which the prisoner is confined. To the extent prac-

- 1 ticable, the court shall allow counsel to participate by tele-
- 2 phone, video conference, or other communications tech-
- 3 nology in any hearing held at the facility.
- 4 "(g) WAIVER OF REPLY.—(1) Any defendant may
- 5 waive the right to reply to any action brought by a pris-
- 6 oner confined in any jail, prison, or other correctional fa-
- 7 cility under section 1979 of the Revised Statutes of the
- 8 United States (42 U.S.C. 1983) or any other Federal law.
- 9 Notwithstanding any other law or rule of procedure, such
- 10 waiver shall not constitute an admission of the allegations
- 11 contained in the complaint. No relief shall be granted to
- 12 the plaintiff unless a reply has been filed.
- 13 "(2) The court may require any defendant to reply
- 14 to a complaint brought under this section if it finds that
- 15 the plaintiff has a reasonable opportunity to prevail on the
- 16 merits.
- 17 "(h) DEFINITION.—As used in this section, the term
- 18 'prisoner' means any person incarcerated or detained in
- 19 any facility who is accused of, convicted of, sentenced for,
- 20 or adjudicated delinquent for, violations of criminal law
- 21 or the terms and conditions of parole, probation, pretrial
- 22 release, or diversionary program.".
- 23 (e) REPORT TO CONGRESS.—Section 8 of the Act (42
- 24 U.S.C. 1997f) is amended by striking "his report" and
- 25 inserting "the report".

1	(f) NOTICE TO FEDERAL DEPARTMENTS.—Section
2	2 10 of the Act (42 U.S.C. 1997h) is amended—
3	(1) by striking "his action" and inserting "the
4	action"; and
5	(2) by striking "he is satisfied" and inserting
6	"the Attorney General is satisfied".
7	SEC. 804. PROCEEDINGS IN FORMA PAUPERIS.
8	(a) FILING FEES.—Section 1915 of title 28, United
9	States Code, is amended—
10	(1) in subsection (a)—
11	(A) by striking "(a) Any" and inserting
12	"(a)(1) Subject to subsection (b), any";
13	(B) by striking "and costs";
14	(C) by striking "makes affidavit" and in-
15	serting "submits an affidavit that includes a
16	statement of all assets such prisoner possesses";
17	(D) by striking "such costs" and inserting
18	"such fees";
19	(E) by striking "he" each place it appears
20	and inserting "the person";
21	(F) by adding immediately after paragraph
22	(1), the following new paragraph:
23	"(2) A prisoner seeking to bring a civil action or ap-
24	peal a judgment in a civil action or proceeding without
25	prepayment of fees or security therefor, in addition to fil-

1	ing the affidavit filed under paragraph (1), shall submit
2	a certified copy of the trust fund account statement (or
3	institutional equivalent) for the prisoner for the 6-month
4	period immediately preceding the filing of the complaint
5	or notice of appeal, obtained from the appropriate official
6	of each prison at which the prisoner is or was confined."
7	and
8	(G) by striking "An appeal" and inserting
9	"(3) An appeal";
10	(2) by redesignating subsections (b), (c), (d)
11	and (e) as subsections (c), (d), (e), and (f), respec-
12	tively;
13	(3) by inserting after subsection (a) the follow-
14	ing new subsection:
15	"(b)(1) Notwithstanding subsection (a), if a prisoner
16	brings a civil action or files an appeal in forma pauperis,
17	the prisoner shall be required to p, the full amount of
18	a filing fee. The court shall assess and, when funds exist,
19	collect, as a partial payment of any court fees required
20	by law, an initial partial filing fee of 20 percent of the
21	greater of—
22	"(A) the average monthly deposits to the pris-
23	oner's account; or
24	"(B) the average monthly balance in the pris-
25	oner's account for the 6-month period immediately

Ţ	preceding the filing of the complaint or notice of ap-
2	peal.
3	"(2) After payment of the initial partial filing fee,
4	the prisoner shall be required to make monthly payments
5	of 20 percent of the preceding month's income credited
6	to the prisoner's account. The agency having custody of
7	the prisoner shall forward payments from the prisoner's
8	account to the clerk of the court each time the amount
9	in the account exceeds \$10 until the filing fees are paid.
10	"(3) In no event shall the filing fee collected exceed
11	the amount of fees permitted by statute for the commence-
12	ment of a civil action or an appeal of a civil action or
13	criminal judgment.
14	"(4) In no event shall a prisoner be prohibited from
15	bringing a civil action or appealing a civil or criminal judg-
16	ment for the reason that the prisoner has no assets and
17	no means by which to pay the initial partial filing fee.";
18	(4) in subsection (c), as redesignated by para-
19	graph (2), by striking "subsection (a) of this sec-
20	tion" and inserting "subsections (a) and (b) and the
21	prepayment of any partial filing fee as may be re-
22	quired under subsection (b)"; and
23	(5) by amending subsection (e), as redesignated
24	by paragraph (2), to read as follows:

. 1	"(e)(1) The court may request an attorney to rep-
2	resent any person unable to afford counsel.
3	"(2) Notwithstanding any filing fee, or any portion
4	thereof, that may have been paid, the court shall dismiss
5	the case at any time if the court determines that-
6	"(A) the allegation of poverty is untrue; or
7	"(B) the action or appeal—
8	"(i) is frivolous or malicious;
9	"(ii) fails to state a claim on which relief
10	may be granted; or
11	"(iii) seeks monetary relief against a de-
12	fendant who is immune from such relief.".
13	(b) Exception to Discharge of Debt in Bank-
14	RUPTCY PROCEEDING.—Section 523(a) of title 11, United
15	States Code, is amended—
16	(1) in paragraph (16), by striking the period at
17	the end and inserting "; or"; and
18	(2) by adding at the end the following new
19	paragraph:
20	"(17) for a fee imposed by a court for the filing
21	of a case, motion, complaint, or appeal, or for other
22	costs and expenses assessed with respect to such fil-
23	ing, regardless of an assertion of poverty by the
24	debtor under section 1915 (b) or (f) of title 28, or

- 1 the debtor's status as a prisoner, as defined in sec-
- 2 tion 1915(h) of title 28.".
- 3 (c) Costs.—Section 1915(f) of title 28, United
- 4 States Code (as redesignated by subsection (a)(2)), is
- 5 amended-
- 6 (1) by striking "(f) Judgment" and inserting
- 7 "(f)(1) Judgment";
- 8 (2) by striking "cases" and inserting "proceed-
- 9 ings"; and
- 10 (3) by adding at the end the following new
- 11 paragraph:
- 12 "(2)(A) If the judgment against a prisoner includes
- 13 the payment of costs under this subsection, the prisoner
- 14 shall be required to pay the full amount of the costs or-
- 15 dered.
- 16 "(B) The prisoner shall be required to make pay-
- 17 ments for costs under this subsection in the same manner
- 18 as is provided for filing fees under subsection (a)(2).
- 19 "(C) In no event shall the costs collected exceed the
- 20 amount of the costs ordered by the court.".
- 21 (d) SUCCESSIVE CLAIMS.—Section 1915 of title 28,
- 22 United States Code, is amended by adding at the end the
- 23 following new subsection:
- 24 "(g) In no event shall a prisoner bring a civil action
- 25 or appeal a judgment in a civil action or proceeding under

- 1 this section if the prisoner has, on 3 or more prior occa-
- 2 sions, while incarcerated or detained in any facility,
- 3 brought an action or appeal in a court of the United
- 4 States that was dismissed on the grounds that it is frivo-
- 5 lous, malicious, or fails to state a claim upon which relief
- 6 may be granted, unless the prisoner is under imminent
- 7 danger of serious physical injury.".
- 8 (e) Definition.—Section 1915 of title 28, United
- 9 States Code, is amended by adding at the end the follow-
- 10 ing new subsection:
- 11 "(h) As used in this section, the term 'prisoner'
- 12 means any person incarcerated or detained in any facility
- 13 who is accused of, convicted of, sentenced for, or adju-
- 14 dicated delinquent for, violations of criminal law or the
- 15 terms and conditions of parole, probation, pretrial release,
- 16 or diversionary program.".
- 17 SEC. 805. JUDICIAL SCREENING.
- 18 (a) IN GENERAL.—Chapter 123 of title 28, United
- 19 States Code, is amended by inserting after section 1915
- 20 the following new section:
- 21 "§ 1915A. Screening
- 22 "(a) SCREENING.--The court shall review, before
- 23 docketing, if feasible or, in any event, as soon as prac-
- 24 ticable after docketing, a complaint in a civil action in

- 1 which a prisoner seeks redress from a governmental entity
- 2 or officer or employee of a governmental entity.
- 3 "(b) GROUNDS FOR DISMISSAL.—On review, the
- 4 court shall identify cognizable claims or dismiss the com-
- 5 plaint, or any portion of the complaint, if the complaint—
- 6 "(1) is frivolous, malicious, or fails to state a
- 7 claim upon which relief may be granted; or
- 8 "(2) seeks monetary relief from a defendant
- 9 who is immune from such relief.
- 10 "(c) DEFINITION.—As used in this section, the term
- 11 'prisoner' means any person incarcerated or detained in
- 12 any facility who is accused of, convicted of, sentenced for,
- 13 or adjudicated delinquent for, violations of criminal law
- 14 or the terms and conditions of parole, probation, pretrial
- 15 release, or diversionary program.".
- 16 (b) TECHNICAL AMENDMENT.—The analysis for
- 17 chapter 123 of title 28, United States Code, is amended
- 18 by inserting after the item relating to section 1915 the
- 19 following new item:

"1915A. Screening.".

- 20 SEC. 806. FEDERAL TORT CLAIMS.
- Section 1346(b) of title 28, United States Code, is
- 22 amended—
- 23 (1) by striking "(b)" and inserting "(b)(1)";
- 24 and
- 25 (2) by adding at the end the following:

1	"(2) No person convicted of a felony who is incarcer-
2	ated while awaiting sentencing or while serving a sentence
3	may bring a civil action against the United States or an
4	agency, officer, or employee of the Government, for mental
5	or emotional injury suffered while in custody without a
6	prior showing of physical injury.".
7	SEC. 807. PAYMENT OF DAMAGE AWARD IN SATISFACTION
8	of pending restitution orders.
9	Any compensatory damages awarded to a prisoner in
10	connection with a civil action brought against any Federal,
11	State, or local jail, prison, or correctional facility or
12	against any official or agent of such jail, prison, or correc-
13	tional facility, shall be paid directly to satisfy any out-
14	standing restitution orders pending against the prisoner.
15	The remainder of any such award after full payment of
16	all pending restitution orders shall be forwarded to the
17	prisoner.
18	8EC. 808. NOTICE TO CRIME VICTIMS OF PENDING DAMAGE
19	AWARD.
20	Prior to payment of any compensatory damages
21	awarded to a prisoner in connection with a civil action
22	brought against any Federal, State, or local jail, prison,
23	or correctional facility or against any official or agent of
24	such inil prison or correctional facility reasonable afforts

25 shall be made to notify the victims of the crime for which

- 1 the prisoner was convicted and incarcerated concerning
- 2 the pending payment of any such compensatory damages.
- 3 SEC. 809. EARNED RELEASE CREDIT OR GOOD TIME CRED-
- 4 IT REVOCATION.
- 5 (a) IN GENERAL.—Chapter 123 of title 28, United
- 6 States Code, is amended by adding at the end the follow-
- 7 ing new section:
- 8 "§ 1932. Revocation of earned release credit
- 9 "In any civil action brought by an adult convicted of
- 10 a crime and confined in a Federal correctional facility, the
- 11 court may order the revocation of such earned good time
- 12 credit under section 3624(b) of title 18, United States
- 13 Code, that has not yet vested, if, on its own motion or
- 14 the motion of any party, the court finds that—
- 15 "(1) the claim was filed for a malicious pur-
- pose;
- 17 "(2) the claim was filed solely to harass the
- party against which it was filed; or
- 19 "(3) the claimant testifies falsely or otherwise
- 20 knowingly presents false evidence or information to
- 21 the court.".
- 22 (b) TECHNICAL AMENDMENT.—The analysis for
- 23 chapter 123 of title 28, United States Code, is amended
- 24 by inserting after the item relating to section 1931 the
- 25 following:

[&]quot;1932. Revocation of carned release credit.".

1	(c) Amendment of Section 3624 of Title 18.—
2	Section 3624(b) of title 18, United States Code, is amend-
3	ed—
4	(1) in paragraph (1)—
5	(A) by striking the first sentence;
6	(B) in the second sentence—
7	(i) by striking "A prisoner" and in-
8	serting "Subject to paragraph (2), a pris-
9	oner";
10	(ii) by striking "for a crime of vio-
11	lence,"; and
12	(iii) by striking "such";
13	(C) in the third sentence, by striking "If
14	the Bureau" and inserting "Subject to para-
15	graph (2), if the Bureau";
16	(D) by striking the fourth sentence and in-
17	serting the following: "In awarding credit under
18	this section, the Bureau shall consider whether
19	the prisoner, during the relevant period, has
20	earned, or is making satisfactory progress to-
21	ward earning, a high school diploma or an
22	equivalent degree."; and
23	(E) in the sixth sentence, by striking
24	"Credit for the last" and inserting "Subject to
25	paragraph (2), credit for the last"; and

1 (2) by amending paragraph (2) to read as fe	1	(2) by	amending	paragraph	(2)	to	read	as	fo
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- 2 lows:
- 3 "(2) Notwithstanding any other law, credit
- 4 awarded under this subsection after the date of en-
- 5 actment of the Prison Litigation Reform Act shall
- 6 vest on the date the prisoner is released from eus-
- 7 tody.".

8 SEC. 810. SEVERABILITY.

- 9 If any provision of this title, an amendment made by
- 10 this title, or the application of such provision or amend-
- 11 ment to any person or circumstance is held to be unconsti-
- 12 tutional, the remainder of this title, the amendments made
- 13 by this title, and the application of the provisions of such
- 14 to any person or circumstance shall not be affected there-
- 15 by.
- This Act may be cited as the "Departments of Com-
- 17 merce, Justice, and State, the Judiciary, and Related
- 18 Agencies Appropriations Act, 1996.".
- 19 (b) Such amounts as may be necessary for programs.
- 20 projects or activities provided for in the District of Colum-
- 21 bia Appropriations Act, 1996 at a rate of operations and
- 22 to the extent and in the manner provided as follows, to
- 23 be effective as if it had been enacted into law as the regu-
- 24 lar appropriations Act: